

FACT SHEET

August | 2019

About

The mission of the Global Initiative to Combat Nuclear Terrorism (GICNT) is to strengthen global capacity to prevent, detect, and respond to nuclear terrorism by conducting multilateral activities that strengthen the plans, policies, procedures, and interoperability of partner nations. The GICNT is co-chaired by the United States and Russia.

Objectives

- Integrate collective capabilities and resources to strengthen the overall global architecture to combat nuclear terrorism
- Bring together experience and expertise from the nonproliferation, counter-proliferation, and counterterrorism disciplines
- Provide the opportunity for nations to share information and expertise in a voluntary, non-binding framework

Statement of Principles

The GICNT is composed of committed nations that have endorsed a set of core nuclear security principles across the full spectrum of nuclear terrorism deterrence, prevention, detection, and response objectives. The full text of the Statement of Principles can be found on the GICNT website (www.gicnt.org). A brief summary of each principle is included below:

1. Improve accounting, control, and protection of nuclear/radiological material
2. Enhance security of civilian nuclear facilities
3. Detect and suppress illicit trafficking of nuclear/radiological material
4. Improve ability to search for, confiscate, and establish safe control of nuclear/radiological material
5. Assure denial of safe haven and resources from terrorists seeking to acquire or use nuclear/radiological material
6. Ensure adequate legal frameworks to combat nuclear terrorism
7. Prepare to respond to and mitigate the consequences of nuclear terrorism
8. Promote information sharing to prevent and respond to acts of nuclear terrorism

IMPLEMENTATION AND ASSESSMENT GROUP

Chaired by Morocco

The Implementation and Assessment Group (IAG) is charged with implementing priorities identified by the Plenary and ensuring GICNT activities are coordinated and complementary to other international efforts. The IAG is currently focused on developing and executing a flexible work program that produces practical results for the GICNT through a series of technical working groups.

NUCLEAR DETECTION WORKING GROUP

Chaired by the United Kingdom

The Nuclear Detection Working Group (NDWG) is building and enhancing national detection capabilities by providing practical deliverables to raise awareness, transfer knowledge and experience, and provide guidance to detection experts.

NUCLEAR FORENSICS WORKING GROUP

Chaired by Canada

The Nuclear Forensics Working Group (NFWG) is concentrating on developing guidance and activities that raise awareness of nuclear forensics, assist partners to develop core capabilities, foster intergovernmental relationships, and share best practices.

RESPONSE AND MITIGATION WORKING GROUP

Chaired by Argentina

The Response and Mitigation Working Group (RMWG) examines best practices and techniques related to crises or emergencies when the immediate or potential threat exists to human life as a result of a radiological/nuclear terrorist threat or incident.

89 Partner Nations

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|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Afghanistan | Iceland | Palau |
| Albania | India | Panama |
| Algeria | Iraq | Paraguay |
| Argentina | Ireland | Philippines |
| Armenia | Israel | Poland |
| Australia | Italy | Portugal |
| Austria | Japan | Romania |
| Azerbaijan | Jordan | Russia |
| Bahrain | Kazakhstan | Saudi Arabia |
| Belarus | Republic of Korea | Serbia |
| Belgium | Kyrgyz Republic | Seychelles |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | Latvia | Singapore |
| Bulgaria | Libya | Slovakia |
| Cambodia | Lithuania | Slovenia |
| Canada | Luxembourg | Spain |
| Cabo Verde | Madagascar | Sri Lanka |
| Chile | Malaysia | Sweden |
| China | Malta | Switzerland |
| Cote d'Ivoire | Mauritius | Tajikistan |
| Croatia | Mexico | Thailand |
| Cyprus | Republic of Moldova | Turkey |
| Czech Republic | Montenegro | Turkmenistan |
| Denmark | Morocco | Ukraine |
| Estonia | Nepal | United Arab Emirates |
| Finland | Netherlands | United Kingdom |
| France | New Zealand | United States |
| Georgia | Nigeria | Uzbekistan |
| Germany | Republic of North Macedonia | Vietnam |
| Greece | Norway | Zambia |
| Hungary | Pakistan | |

6 Official Observers

European Union (EU)

International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)

International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL)

United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute (UNICRI)

United Nations Office of Counter-Terrorism (UNOCT)

United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC)

More Information: www.gicnt.org | Email: Globalinitiative@state.gov